

Green Deal & Digitalization: A Great Opportunity

Gianluca Marini

Executive Vice President

Consulting Division

March 24, 2021



CONFIDENTIAL-LIMITED USE

Milan 22/03/2021 1

CESI: a Global Player in Engineering, Testing and Power Systems Consulting





Energy transition targets have been set all around the world, aiming at "Net-zero emissions" in the next decades...

BBC

Climate change: EU leaders set 55% target for CO2 emissions cut

EU leaders have agreed on a more ambitious goal for cutting greenhouse gases - reducing them by 55% by 2030, rather than 40%.

Italy says it plans to cut carbon emissions by 60% by 2030

FINANCIAL TIMES EU unveils plan to be carbon neutral by 2050

Green deal is Europe's 'man on the moon moment', says Von der Leyen

REUTERS

Biden says U.S., Canada to work toward achieving net zero emissions by 2050

The Washington Post

Biden calls for 100 percent clean electricity by 2035.

CINN

China will become carbon neutral by 2060, Xi Jinping says

The Guardian

Theresa May commits to net zero UK carbon emissions by 2050



Accelerating EU decarbonization in light of the updated Green Deal targets: by 2030 -55% Greenhouse Gas Emissions vs 1990

The EU roadmap is targeting a 100% carbon free of human activities by 2050



¹Energy Savings evaluated against the 2007 Baseline projections for 2030

The 3 drivers of Energy Transition, with Digitalization as a core enabler





Energy Transition boosted by Innovation



Digitalization is the cross enabler along the electric value chain to accelerate the Energy Transition

Digitalization to make V-RES generation more flexible

CESI

CONFIDENTIAL-LIMITED USE

GENERATION

TRANSMISSION

DISTRIBUTION

Digitalization to improve performances of infrastructures

> Transmission:Wide Area Monitoring & Control

- Enhance <u>grid monitoring and control</u> by leveraging on data availability and data-driven decision making
- Enhance <u>asset monitoring</u> by leveraging on predictive maintenance algorithms

Digital Substation

Enabler to increase safety & reliability while reducing costs and environment footprint

Distribution: Monitoring, Fault Detection and Self – Healing

- Enhancing <u>operating security</u>
- ✓ Fast supply restoration after faults → improvement of main key performance indicators (SAIDI, SAIFI, CAIDI)
- Implementing protection algorithms previously verified through simulations

Implementation of a monitoring system through distributed devices paving way to a **fully digitalization of the LV grid** and the implementation of automation procedures based on "*information exchange among fault detectors*"

CONSUMPTION Digitalization as cross-sectorial enabler: smart meters & e-mobility UTILITY DATA CENTER NSP DATA CENTER Intelligent EV integration will turn a SMART METER COMMUNICATIONS potential threat to the power system NETWORK into an opportunity. CELLULAR BROADBAND 22 2 Vehicle Grid Integration providing: HOME ROUTER SMART WI-FI SMART SMART PHONE RADIO METER **Balancing** METER EVSE FV EVSE FV 0 4 . **Services** 1 OPENADR AND OCPI 2 OCPP AND OPENADR 3 SAE J1772 (PLUG), ISO/IEC 15118 (EV TO EVSE) 4 INTERNET PROTOCOL Demand Source: Siemens, EV Technical Workshop, NY Public Service Commission, July 2018. Response Italy: 6 million EV by 2030 \rightarrow 24 TWh* of yearly energy consumption (i.e. \approx 7% of total demand) \rightarrow 4 GW^{**} power peak absorption Capacity Need for an intelligent VGI since the beginning of EVSE deployment

C *Assumption: 20000 km/year with consumption of 0.2 kWh/km

** Assumption: power of charging boot equal to 7.4 kW and contemporaneity factor 10% CONFIDENTIAL-LIMITED USE

Pervasive digitalisation: handle with care – Cyber security challenges

US: in 2014, the Industrial Control Systems Cyber Emergency Response Team (ICS-CERT) received and responded to 245 incidents reported by its associates who own industries and critical infrastructures.

Source: https://ics-cert.us-cert.gov/sites/default/files/Monitors/ICS-CERT_Monitor_Sep2014-Feb2015.pdf EU: in 2017 the EU Energy Expert Cyber Security Platform (EECSP) identified the main cybersecurity challenges for the Energy sector

No.	Challenge	Electricity	Oil	Gas	Nuclear
1	Grid stability in a cross-border interconnected energy network.	x		x	x
2	Protection concepts reflecting current threats and risks.	x	x	x	x
3	Handling of cyber attacks within the EU.	х	х	x	x
4	Effects by cyber attacks not fully considered in the design rules of an existing power grid or nuclear facility	x			x
5	Introduction of new highly interconnected technologies and services.	x		x	
6	Outsourcing of infrastructures and services.	x		х	x
7	Integrity of components used in energy systems.	x		x	x
8	Increased interdependency among market players.	x			
9	Availability of human resources and their competences.	x	x	x	x
10	Constraints imposed by cyber security measures in contrast to real-time/availability requirements.	x		x	x

Reasons for Cyber Attacks Detected in the Electrical Sector

Electric utilities and related critical infrastructures have been the subject of many and varied cyber attacks

- The data stolen from companies seems to some extent aimed at mapping critical infrastructures and collecting detailed information about them to create databases
- If not adequately detected and contained, the cyber threats go on for a long time (APT - Advanced Persistent Threats) and involve components, networks, plants, monitoring systems and information relating to employees
- The stolen data make it possible to reconstruct the operating criteria of companies, exposing them to ever greater risks
- Most of the time, the attacks are aimed at finding information rather than causing blackouts on the network

Source: CISCO 2017 – Security Capabilities Benchmark Study

Concluding remarks and key messages

Digitalization as the key enabler for the Energy Transition

Energy Transition boosted by four dimensions of Innovation

Highly digitalized power sector at all levels to exploit the full potential of RES

Full digitalization of power sector and newly electrified sectors shall be pursued adopting the best practices to minimize vulnerability against cyber attacks

Milan (IT) · Amhem (NL) · Berlin (DE) · Mannheim (DE) · Prague (CZ) · Chalfont (US) · Knoxville (US) · Dubai (AE) · Dammam (SA) · Santiago de Chile (CL) · Rio De Janeiro (BR) · Shanghai (CN)

22/03/2021 14